D-LINK AirPro DI-764

2.4 GHz / 5 GHz Multimode Wireless Broadband Router

Manual

(08/30/2002)



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Package Contents



Contents of Package:

- D-Link AirPro DI-764 2.4GHz/5GHz Multimode Wireless Broadband Router
- Power Adapter 5V DC, 3.0A
- Manual on CD
- Quick Installation Guide
- Ethernet Cable

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DI-764 will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

If any of the above items are missing, please contact your reseller.

System Requirements For Configuration:

Computer with Windows, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system with an installed Ethernet adapter

Introduction

D-Link, a leader in wireless technology, introduces the first integrated multimode 2.4GHz/5GHz wireless broadband router, as part of the high performance D-Link *Air*Pro series of wireless networking products.

The new D-Link *Air*Pro DI-764 Multimode Wireless Broadband Router is a next generation multimode broadband router that simultaneously serves both 802.11a wireless networks at 54 Mbps (72 Mbps in *Turbo mode**) and 802.11b wireless networks at 11Mbps (22 Mbps with D-Link AirPlus products.) Featuring a breakthrough all-in-one dual band design that delivers future investment protection with the promise of a superior product life cycle and lower total cost of ownership, it is the ideal solution for present and future Wireless Local Area Networks (WLANs).

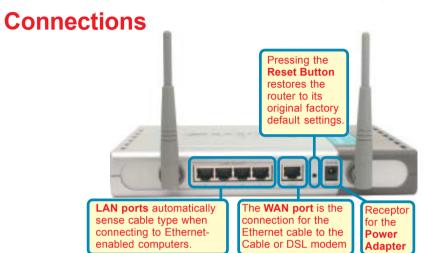
The DI-764 will automatically obtain an IP address and forward additional IP addresses to multiple clients for a seamless Ethernet network connection and shared Internet access.

At 54Mbps (up to 72Mbps in *Turbo mode**) in the 5GHz frequency range and a simultaneous 11 Mbps (up to 22 Mbps with D-Link AirPlus products) in the 2.4GHz frequency range, the D-Link *Air*Pro DI-764 multimode broadband router delivers the fastest standards-based wireless technology in the industry. Based on WiFi technology, as well as IEEE 802.11a and 802.11b standards compliant, this next-generation multimode wireless access point provides excellent network interoperability.

Armed with powerful management and security capabilities, the D-Link *Air* Pro DI-764 has an intuitive and secure web-based interface that is powered by an embedded web server.

After completing the steps outlined in the *Quick Installation Guide* (included in your package) not only will you have the ability to share information and resources, but you will also be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers, at speeds capable of handling a video stream.

Because of its web-based interface (accessible from most Internet browser applications), the DI-764 will work with most popular operating systems, including Macintosh, Linux and Windows, and can be easily integrated into a large network. This Manual is designed to help you connect the DI-764 with the D-Link 2.4GHz AirPlus or 5GHz AirPro Wireless Adapters into an existing network. Please take a look at the **Getting Started** section in this manual to see an example of an Infrastructure network using the DI-764.



Features & Benefits

- Supports data transfer rates of up to 72 Mbps at 5GHz
- Supports data transfer rates of up to 22 Mbps at 2.4GHz
- Wireless range of up to 900 feet*
- Fully 802.11a and 802.11b compatible
- Supports up to 256-bit WEP Encryption at 2.4GHz, and up to 152-bit, with Enhanced Dynamic Keying at 5 GHz
- Less interference with a total of eleven non-overlapping channels
- Utilizes Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) and Packet Binary Convolutional Code (PBCC) at 2.4GHz
- Utilizes Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) at 5GHz
- Easy-to-use Web-based configuration
- User level security
- 3 Year Warranty (USA only)

LEDS

LED stands for Light-Emitting Diode. The DI-764 has the following LEDs:

LED	LED Activity			
Power	A steady light indicates a connection to a power source			
M1	A solid light indicates that the DI-764 is ready			
M2	A solid light indicates that the unit is defective			
WAN	A solid light indicates connection on the WAN port. This LED blinks during data transmission.			
WLAN 802.11a	A solid light indicates that the 802.11a wireless segment is ready. The LED blinks during 802.11a wireless data transmission.			
WLAN 802.11b	A solid light indicates that the 802.11b wireless segment is ready (when the DWL-650+ is installed.) The LED blinks during 802.11b wireless data transmission.			
Local Network (Ports 1-4)	A solid light indicates a connection, a blinking light indicates data transmission to an Ethernet-enabled computer on ports 1-4.			

Wireless Basics

D-Link *Air*Pro wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link *Air*Pro wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate

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Wireless Basics

more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A Wireless Router is a device used to provide this link.

People use wireless LAN technology for many different purposes:

Mobility - Productivity increases when people have access to data in any location within the operating range of the WLAN. Management decisions based on real-time information can significantly improve worker efficiency.

Low Implementation Costs – WLANs (Wireless Local Area Networks) are easy to set up, manage, change and relocate. Networks that frequently change, both physically and logically, can benefit from WLANs ease of implementation. WLANs can operate in locations where installation of wiring may be impractical.

Installation Speed and Simplicity - Installing a wireless LAN system can be fast and easy and can eliminate the need to pull cable through walls and ceilings.

Network Expansion - Wireless technology allows the network to go where wires cannot go.

Scalability – Wireless Local Area Networks (WLANs) can be configured in a variety of topologies to meet the needs of specific applications and installations. Configurations are easily changed and range from peer-to-peer networks suitable for a small number of users to larger infrastructure networks to accommodate hundreds or thousands of users, depending on the number of wireless devices deployed.

Wireless Basics

The DI-764 is compatible with other **D-Link AirPro** 802.11a products, which include:

- ◆ 5GHz Wireless Cardbus Adapters used with laptop computers (DWL-A650)
- ◆ 5GHz Wireless PCI Adapters used with desktop computers (DWL-A520)

The DI-764 is also compatible with the **D-Link AirPlus** 802.11b wireless family, which includes:

- Enhanced 2.4GHz Wireless Cardbus Adapters used with laptop computers (DWL-650+)
- Enhanced 2.4GHz Wireless PCI cards used with desktop computers (DWL-520+)

Standards-Based Technology

The versatile DI-764 Multimode Wireless Broadband Router integrates both 802.11a and 802.11b standards into a single unit.

The IEEE **802.11a** standard designates that devices may operate at an optimal data rate of 54 Mbps (72 Mbps in proprietary *Turbo* mode.) This means that in most environments, within the specified range of this device, you will be able to transfer large files quickly or even watch a movie in MPEG format over your network without noticeable delays. This technology works by transmitting high-speed digital data over a radio wave utilizing **OFDM** (**O**rthogonal **F**requency **D**ivision **M**ultiplexing) technology. **OFDM** works by splitting the radio signal into multiple smaller sub-signals that are then transmitted simultaneously at different frequencies to the receiver. **OFDM** reduces the amount of **crosstalk** (interference) in signal transmissions. D-Link *AirPro* 802.11a products will automatically sense the best possible connection speed to ensure the greatest speed and range possible.

Based on the IEEE **802.11b** standard, the DI-764 is also interoperable with existing compatible 2.4GHz wireless technology with data transfer speeds of up to 22Mbps (with the D-Link *Air*Plus family of wireless devices,) as well as standard 802.11b technology (the D-Link *Air* family of wireless devices), with speeds of up to 11Mbps.

Wireless Basics

Installation Considerations

The D-Link *Air*Pro DI-764 lets you access your network, using a wireless connection, from virtually anywhere. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

- 1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the DI-764 and your receiving device (e.g., the DWL-A650 or the DWL-650+) to a minimum each wall or ceiling can reduce your D-Link AirPro Wireless product's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your receiving devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
- 2. Be aware of the direct line between routers and computers. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Try to make sure that devices are positioned so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling for better reception.
- 3. Building Materials make a difference a solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position wireless devices and computers with wireless adapters so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways and not other materials.
- 4. Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.

Getting Started

Right out of the box, with its default settings, the DI-764 will connect with other D-Link *Air*, *Air*Plus or *Air*Pro products.

With a single IP Address from your Broadband Internet Service provider you can share the Internet with all the computers on your local network, without sacrificing speed or security, using D-Link *Air* networking products.

IP ADDRESS

Note: If you are using a DHCP-capable router in your network setup, such as the DI-764, you will not need to assign a static IP Address.

If you need to assign IP Addresses to the computers on the network, please remember that the IP Address for each computer must be in the same IP Address range as all the computers in the network, and the Subnet mask must be exactly the same for all the computers in the network.

For example: If the first computer is assigned an IP Address of 192.168.0.2 with a Subnet Mask of 255.255.255.0, then the second computer can be assigned an IP Address of 192.168.0.3 with a Subnet Mask of 255.255.255.0, etc.

IMPORTANT: If computers or other devices are assigned the same IP Address, one or more of the devices may not be visible on the network.

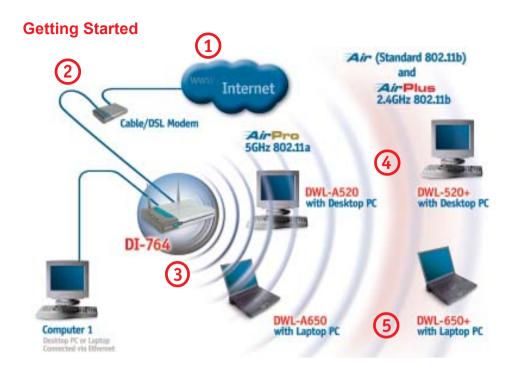
An **Infrastructure** wireless network contains an Access Point. The **Infrastructure Network** example, shown here, contains the following D-Link network devices:

A wireless Broadband Router - D-Link AirPro DI-764

A laptop computer with a wireless adapter - **D-Link** *Air***Pro DWL-A650 or** *Air***Plus DWL-650+**

A desktop computer with a wireless adapter - **D-Link** *Air***Pro DWL-A520 or AirPlus DWL-520+**

A Cable modem - D-Link DCM-200



Please remember that **D-Link AirPro** wireless devices are pre-configured to connect together, right out of the box, with the default settings.

For a typical wireless setup at home (as shown above), please do the following:

- You will need broadband Internet access (Cable/DSL) subscription
- Consult with your Cable/DSL provider for proper installation of the modem
- Connect the modem to the DI-764 multimode wireless broadband router (see the Quick Installation Guide included with the DI-764.)
- If you are connecting a desktop computer to your network, you can install the D-Link AirPro DWL-A520 (or the DWL-520+) wireless PCI adapter into an available PCI slot. (See the Quick Installation Guide included with the DWL-A520 or the DWL-520+.)
- If you are connecting a laptop computer to your network, install the drivers for the wireless cardbus adapter (**D-Link AirPro DWL-A650**) into a laptop computer. (See the Quick Installation Guide included with DWL-A650 or DWL-650+.)

Whenever you want to configure your network or the DI-764, you can access the Configuration Menu by opening the web-browser and typing in the IP Address of the DI-764. The DI-764 default IP Address is shown below:

- Open the web browser
- Type in the IP Address of the Access Point



Note: if you have changed the default IP Address assigned to the DI-764, make sure to enter the correct IP Address.

- Type admin in the User Name field
- Leave the Password blank
- Click Next



The Home>Wizard screen will appear. Please refer to the *Quick Installation Guide* for more information regarding the Setup Wizard.



Home > Wireless > 802.11a



Wireless Settings- choose 802.11a or 802.11b+. Here, 802.11a is selected.

SSID- "default" is the default setting. All devices on the network must

share the same SSID. If you change the default setting, the

SSID may be up to 32 characters long.

Channel- 52 is the default channel for 802.11a. All devices on the net-

work must share the same channel.

Turbo Mode- select **ON** or **OFF**. The default setting is **OFF**.



If you enable Turbo mode on the DI-764, make sure to also enable Turbo mode on all 802.11a wireless clients or a wireless connection will not be established.

WEP- select Enabled or Disabled. Disabled is the default setting.

WEP Encryption- select the level of encryption desired: 64, 128 or 152-bit



WEP (*Wired Equivalent Privacy*) If you enable encryption on the DI-764 make sure to also enable encryption on all 802.11a wireless clients or wireless connection will not be established.

Key Type- select HEX or ASCII

Hexadecimal digits consist of the numbers 0-9 and the letters A-F **ASCII** (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) is a code for representing English letters as numbers from 0-127

Keys 1-4- input up to 4 WEP keys; select the one you wish to use.

Home > Wireless > 802.11b+



Wireless Settings- choose 802.11a or 802.11b+. Here, 802.11b+ is selected.

SSID- "default" is the default setting. All devices on the network must

share the same SSID. The SSID may be up to 32 characters

long.

Channel- 6 is the default channel for 802.11b+. All devices on the net-

work must share the same channel.

WEP- select **Enabled** or **Disabled**. **Disabled** is the default setting.

WEP Encryption- select the level of encryption desired: 64, 128 or 256-bit



WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) If you enable encryption on the DI-764 make sure to also enable encryption on all 802.11b wireless clients or wireless connection will not be established.

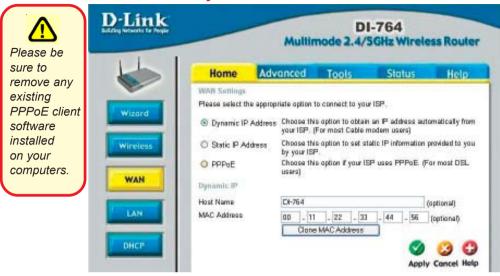
Key Type- select HEX or ASCII

Passphrase- when you select Key Type: ASCII, you can enter a Passphrase

for any or all of Keys 1-4

Keys 1-4- input up to 4 WEP keys; select the one you wish to use.

Home > WAN > Dynamic IP Address



Dynamic IP Address-

most Cable modem users will select this option to obtain an IP Address automatically from their ISP (Internet Service Provider).

Host Name-

this is optional, but may be required by some ISPs. The host name is the device name of the Router.

MAC Address-

the default MAC Address is set to the WAN's physical interface MAC address on the Router.

Clone MAC Address-

copy the MAC address of the Ethernet card installed by your ISP, and replace the WAN MAC address with this Ethernet card MAC address. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.

Apply-

Home > WAN > Static IP Address



Static IP Address- select this option to set static IP information provided to you by

your ISP.

IP Address- input the IP Address provided by your ISP

Subnet Mask- input your Subnet mask. (All devices in the network must have

the same subnet mask.)

ISP

Gateway Address- input the Gateway address

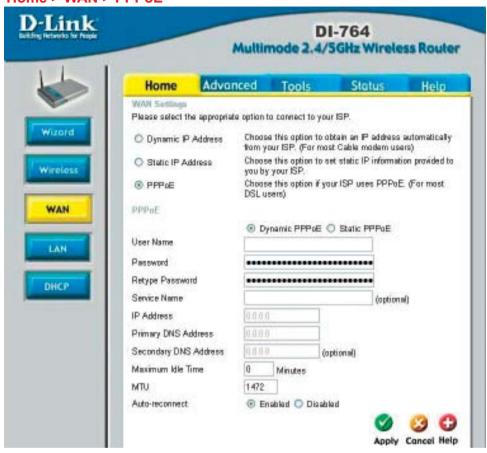
Primary

DNS Address- input the address provided by your ISP

Secondary

DNS Address- this is optional

Home > WAN > PPPoE



PPPoE- Choose this option if your ISP uses PPPoE. (Most DSL users

will select this option.)

Dynamic PPPoE- receive an IP Address automatically from

your ISP.

or

Static PPPoE-you have an assigned (static) IP Address.

User Name- your PPPoE username provided by your ISP.

Password- your PPPoE password provided by your ISP.

Retype Password- re-enter the PPPoE password

Service Name- enter the Service Name provided by your ISP (optional).

this option is only available for Static PPPoE. Enter the static IP Address for the PPPoE connection.

Home > WAN > PPPoE continued

Primary

DNS Address- get this info from your ISP

Secondary

DNS Address- optional

Maximum

Idle Time- enter a maximum idle time during which internet connection is

maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enter zero

or enable Auto-reconnect.

MTU- Maximum Transmission Unit-1472 is default-you may need to

change the MTU to conform with your ISP.

Auto-reconnect- if enabled, the DI-764 will automatically connect to your ISP

after your system is restarted or if the connection is dropped.

Apply- click **Apply** to save the changes.



LAN is short for Local Area Network. This is considered your internal network. These are the IP settings of the LAN interface for the DI-764. These settings may be referred to as Private settings. You may change the LAN IP address if needed. The LAN IP address is private to your internal network and cannot be seen on the Internet.

IP Address- the IP address of the LAN interface. The default IP address is:

192.168.0.1

Subnet Mask- the subnet mask of the LAN interface.

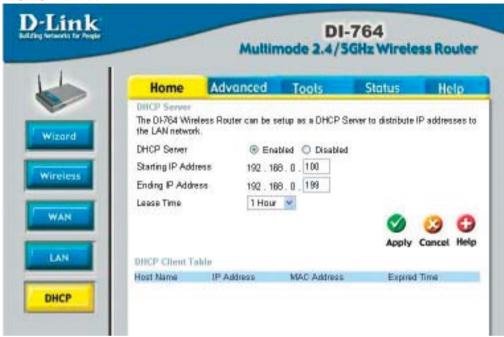
The default subnet mask is 255,255,255.0

Local optional

Apply- click **Apply** to save the changes.

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Home > DHCP



DHCP stands for *Dynamic Host Control Protocol*. The DI-764 has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to "Obtain an IP Address Automatically." When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DI-764. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

DHCP Server- select Enabled or Disabled

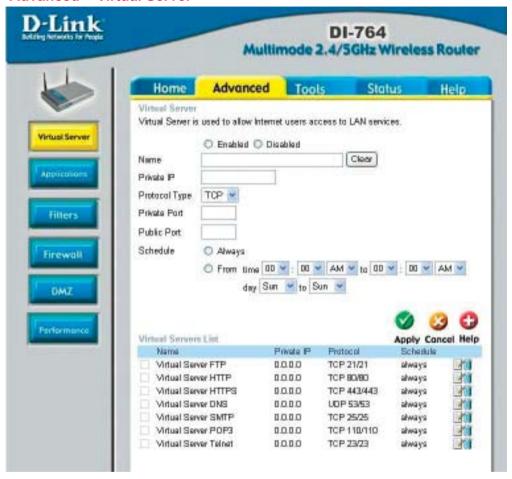
StartingIP Address- the starting IP address for the DHCP server's IP assignment

Ending IP Address-

the ending IP address for the DHCP server's IP assignment

Lease Time- enter the Lease time

Advanced > Virtual Server



The DI-764 can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network).

The DI-764 firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect your LAN network so all computers networked with the DI-764 are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling *Virtual Server*. Depending on the requested service, the DI-764 redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

Using the Configuration MenuAdvanced > Virtual Server continued

The DI-764 is also capable of port-redirection meaning incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

Each virtual service that is created will be listed at the bottom of the screen in the Virtual Servers List. There are pre-defined virtual services already in the table. You may use them by enabling them and assigning the server IP to use that particular virtual service.

Virtual Server- select Enabled or Disabled

Name- enter the name referencing the virtual service

Private IP- the server computer in the LAN (Local Area Network) that will

be providing the virtual services.

Protocol Type- the protocol used for the virtual service

Private Port- the port number of the service used by the Private IP computer

Public Port- the port number on the WAN (Wide Area Network)side that will

be used to access the virtual service.

Schedule- The schedule of time when the virtual service will be

enabled. The schedule may be set to **Always**, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. If it is set to **Time**, select the time frame for the service to be enabled. If the system time is outside of the scheduled time, the service

will be disabled.

Apply- click **Apply** to save the changes.

Example #1:

If you have a Web server that you wanted Internet users to access at all times, you would need to enable it. Web (HTTP) server is on LAN (Local Area Network) computer 192.168.0.25. HTTP uses port 80, TCP.

Name: Web Server Private IP: 192.168.0.25 Protocol Type: TCP Private Port: 80 Public Port: 80

Schedule: always

Advanced > Virtual Server continued

Virtual Servers List

A 11 1	nai Seiveis Fisi				
	Name	Private IP	Protocol	Schedule	
K	Virtual Server HTTP	192.168.0.25	TCP 80/80	always	



Click on this icon to edit the virtual service



Click on this icon to delete the virtual service

Example #2:

If you have an FTP server that you wanted Internet users to access by WAN port 2100 and only during the weekends, you would need to enable it as such. FTP server is on LAN computer 192.168.0.30. FTP uses port 21, TCP.

Name: FTP Server Private IP: 192.168.0.30 Protocol Type: TCP Private Port: 21 Public Port: 2100

Schedule: From: 01:00AM to 01:00AM, Sat to Sun

All Internet users who want to access this FTP Server must connect to it from port 2100. This is an example of port redirection and can be useful in cases where there are many of the same servers on the LAN network.

Advanced > Applications



Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the DI-764. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the public ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DI-764 provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

Note! Only one PC can use each Special Application tunnel.

Name: this is the name referencing the special application.

Trigger Port: this is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either

a single port or a range of ports.

Trigger Type: this is the protocol used to trigger the special application.

Public Port: this is the port number on the WAN side that will be used to

access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or

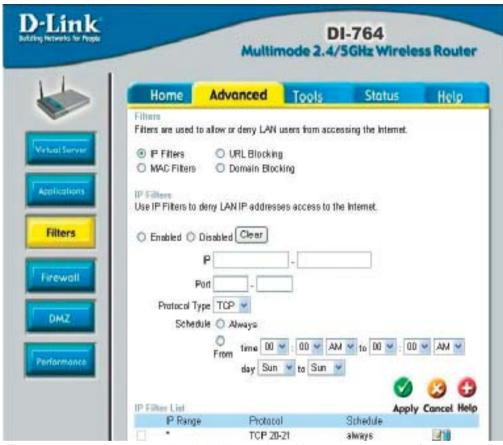
port ranges.

Public Type: this is the protocol used for the special application.

Apply: click Apply to save the changes

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Advanced > Filters > IP Filters



Filters are used to deny or allow LAN (Local Area Network) computers from accessing the Internet. The DI-764 can be setup to deny internal computers by their IP or MAC addresses. The DI-764 can also block users from accessing restricted web sites.

IP Filters

Use IP Filters to deny LAN IP addresses from accessing the Internet. You can deny specific port numbers or all ports for

the specific IP address.

IP: the IP address of the LAN computer that will be denied

access to the Internet.

Port: the single port or port range that will be denied access to the

Internet.

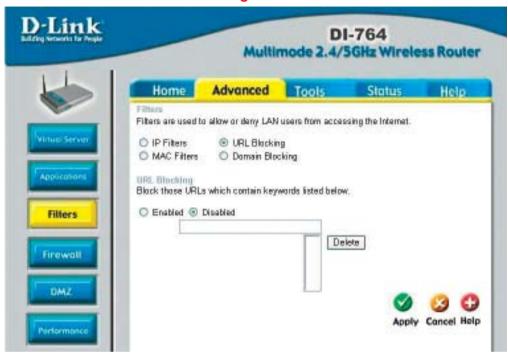
Protocol Type: select the protocol type

Schedule: this is the schedule of time when the IP Filter will be enabled.

Apply: click Apply to save changes.

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Advanced > Filters > URL Blocking



URL Blocking is used to deny LAN computers from accessing specific web sites by its URL. A URL is a specially formatted text string that defines a location on the Internet. If any part of the URL contains the blocked word, the site will not be accessible and the web page will not display.

Filters- select the filter you wish to use; in this case, URL Blocking

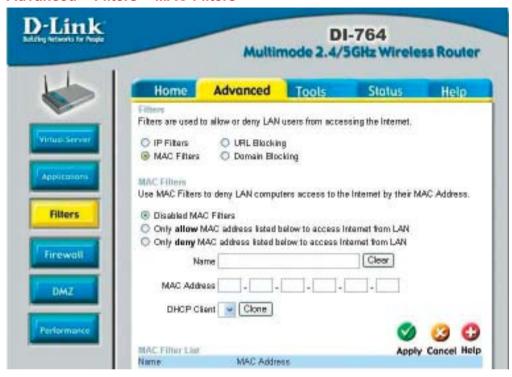
was chosen

URL Blocking- select Enabled or Disabled.

Keywords- block URLs which contain keywords listed below.

Enter the keywords in this space.

Advanced > Filters > MAC Filters



Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the Internet. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the Broadband Router.

Filters- select the filter you wish to use; in this case, MAC filters was

chosen.

MAC Filters- choose Disable MAC filters; allow MAC addresses listed be-

low; or deny MAC addresses listed below.

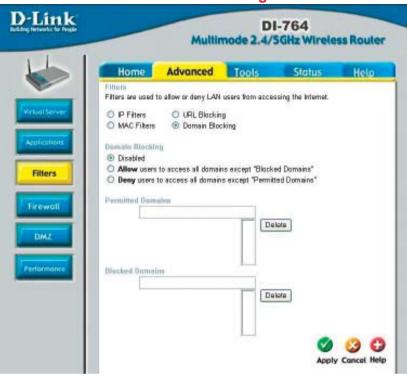
Name- enter the name here.

MAC Address- enter the MAC Address.

DHCP Client- select a DHCP client from the pull-down list; click **Clone** to copy

that MAC Address

Advanced > Filters > Domain Blocking



Domain Blocking is used to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers from accessing specific domains on the Internet. Domain blocking will deny all requests to a specific domain such as http and ftp. It can also allow computers to access specific sites and deny all other sites.

Filters- select the filter you wish to use; in this case, **Domain Blocking** was chosen.

Domain Blocking:

Disabled select Disabled to disable Domain Blocking

Allow- allows users to access all domains except Blocked Domains

Deny- denies users access to all domains except

Permitted Domains

Domains- enter the **Permitted Domains** in this field

Blocked Domains- enter the Blocked Domains in this field

Advanced > Firewall



Firewall Rules is an advanced feature used to deny or allow traffic from passing through the DI-764. It works in the same way as IP Filters with additional settings. You can create more detailed access rules for the DI-764. When virtual services are created and enabled, it will also display in Firewall Rules. Firewall Rules contains all network firewall rules pertaining to IP (Internet Protocol).

In the Firewall Rules List at the bottom of the screen, the priorities of the rules are from top (highest priority) to bottom (lowest priority.)

Note: The DI-764 MAC Address filtering rules have precedence over the Firewall Rules

Firewall Rules- enable or disable the Firewall

Name- enter the name

Action- allow or deny

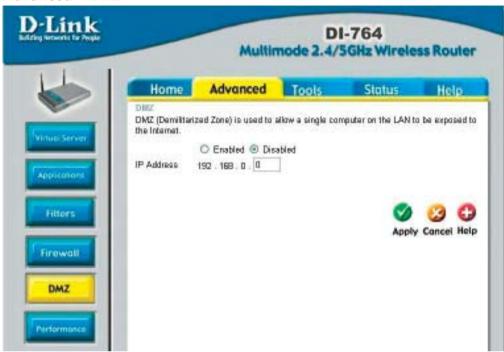
Source- enter the IP Address range

Destination- enter the **IP Address range**; the **Protocol**;

and the Port Range

Schedule- select **Always** or enter the **Time**.

Advanced > DMZ

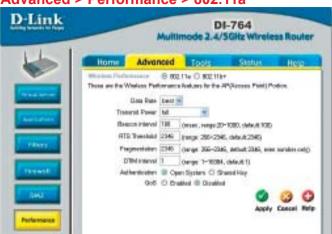


If you have a client PC that cannot run Internet applications properly from behind the DI-764, then you can set the client up to unrestricted Internet access. It allows a computer to be exposed to the Internet. This feature is useful for gaming purposes. Enter the IP address of the internal computer that will be the DMZ host. Adding a client to the DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) may expose your local network to a variety of security risks, so only use this option as a last resort.

DMZ- enable or **disable** the DMZ. The DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) allows a single computer to be exposed to the internet.

IP Address- enter the IP Address of the computer to be in the DMZ

Advanced > Performance > 802.11a



Wireless Performance-

select 802.11a or 802.11b+. Here, 802.11a has been chosen. This screen displays the wireless performance features of the Access Point portion of the DI-764.

Data Rate-

best is the default selection

Transmit Power-

full is the default selection.

Beacon interval-

beacons are packets sent by the DI-764 to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is recommended.

RTS Threshold-

this value should remain at its default setting of 2342. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.

Fragmentation-

this value should also remain at its default setting of 2346. If you experience a high packet error rate, you may slightly increase your Fragmentation value within the range of 256-2346. Setting the Fragmentation value too low may result in poor performance.

DTIM interval-

(Delivery Traffic Indication Message) 1 is the default setting. A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages.

Authentication-

select Open system or Shared Key

Open System - the DI-764 will be visible to all devices on the network. This is

the default setting

Shared Key -

in this mode, in order to access the DI-764 on the network, the device must be listed in the MAC Address Control List

Apply-

click **Apply** to save the changes

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Advanced > Performance > 802.11b+



Wireless Performance-

Select **802.11a** or **802.11b+**. **802.11b+** is selected here. Displayed in this window are the Wireless Performance features for the Access Point portion of the DI-764.

Beacon interval-

beacons are packets sent by the DI-764 to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. **100** is the default setting and is recommended.

RTS Threshold-

this value should remain at its default setting of **2342**. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.

Fragmentation-

this value should also remain at its default setting of **2346**. If you experience a high packet error rate, you may slightly increase your Fragmentation value within the range of 256-2346. Setting the Fragmentation value too low may result in poor performance.

DTIM interval-

(**Delivery Traffic Indication Message**) **3** is the default setting. A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages.

Basic Rates-

choose from 1-2 Mbps; 1,2,5.5,11 Mbps; or 1,2,5.5,11,22 Mbps

31

TX Ratesselect the basic transfer rates based on the speed of the wireless adapters on the WLAN (wireless local area network);
choose from among the same ranges as those listed in the Basic

Rates, above.

Preamble Type-

select **Short** or **Long Preamble**. The Preamble Type defines the length of the CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) block for communication between the DI-764 and roaming wireless adapters. Make sure to select the appropriate preamble type and click Apply. Note: High network traffic areas should use the shorter preamble type. CRC is a common technique for detecting data transmission errors.

Authentication-

select Open system or Shared Key

Open System - the DI-764 will be visible to all devices on the network. This is

the default setting

Shared Key -

in this mode, in order to access the DI-764 on the network, the device must be listed in the MAC Address Control List

Apply-

click **Apply** to save changes

Tools> Admin



Administrator Login Name

admin is the default login name for the Admin account

User **Login Name** user is the default login name for the User account

Admin Password-

the **default** setting is blank - no password. To change the password, enter and confirm the new password.

User Password-

the **default** setting is blank - no password. To change the password, enter and confirm the new password.

32

Remote Management

Remote Management allows the DI-764 to be configured from the Internet by a web browser. A username and password is still required to access the Web-Management interface. In general, only a member of your network can browse the built-in web pages to perform "Administrator" tasks. This feature enables you to perform "Administrator" tasks from the remote (Internet) host.

IP Address: Internet IP address of the computer that has access to the Router. It is not recommended that you set the IP address to * (star), because this allows any Internet IP address to access the Router, which could result in a loss of security for your network. If you elect to enable **Remote Management**, make sure to enter the IP Address of the remote computer allowed to configure the DI-764.

Port: For security purposes, select a separate port number used to access the Router. (The following is an example only; you may use a different port number.) **Example:** http://x.x.x.x.8080 where x.x.x.x is the WAN IP address of the Router and 8080 is the port used for the Web-Management interface.



Time settings-

in this window you can choose the time zone; set the time; and enable or disable Daylight Savings Time.

Default **NTP Server-**

NTP is short for Network Time Protocol. NTP synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers. 33

This field is optional.

Tools > System



System Settings

Save Settings to

Local Hard Drive- click Save to save the current settings to the local Hard Drive

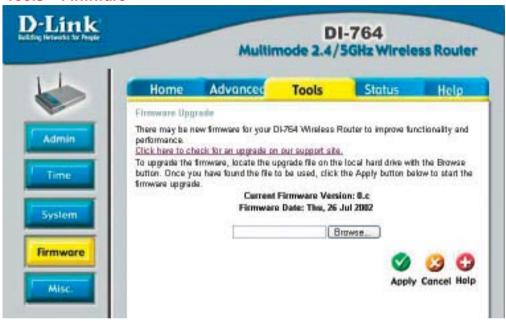
Load Settings from

Local Hard Drive- click Browse to find the settings, then click Load

Restore to Factory

Default Settings- click **Restore** to restore the factory default settings

Tools > Firmware



Firmware Upgrade- click on the link in this screen to find out if there is an updated firmware; if so, download the new firmware to your hard drive.

Browse-

after you have downloaded the new firmware, click **Browse** in this window to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Apply** to complete the firmware upgrade.

Tools > Misc



Ping Test-

the Ping Test is used to send Ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet. Enter the IP Address that you wish to Ping, and click **Ping**

and click Ping

Restart Device-

click **Reboot** to restart the DI-764

Block WAN Ping-

if you choose to block WAN Ping, the WAN IP Address of the DI-764 will not respond to pings. Blocking the Ping may provide some extra security from hackers.

Discard Ping from WAN side-

click Enabled to block the WAN ping

VPN Pass Through-

the DI-764 supports VPN (Virtual Private Network) pass-through for both PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol) and IPSec (IP Security). Once VPN pass-through is enabled, there is no need to open up virtual services. Multiple VPN connections can be made through the DI-764. This is useful when you have many VPN clients on the LAN network.

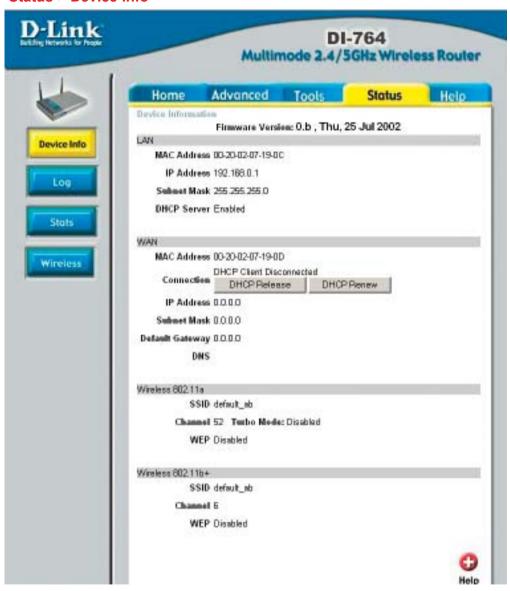
PPTP- select Enabled or Disabled

IPSec- select Enabled or Disabled

Apply-

click **Apply** to save changes

Status > Device Info



Device Information- This screen displays information about the DI-764

Status > Log



View Log- this screen displays the activity on the DI-764

Log Settings- for advanced features, click on Log Settings

Status > Stats



Traffic Statistics-

displays the receive and transmit packets that are passing through the DI-764. Click on **Refresh** or **Reset**, for the most recent information.

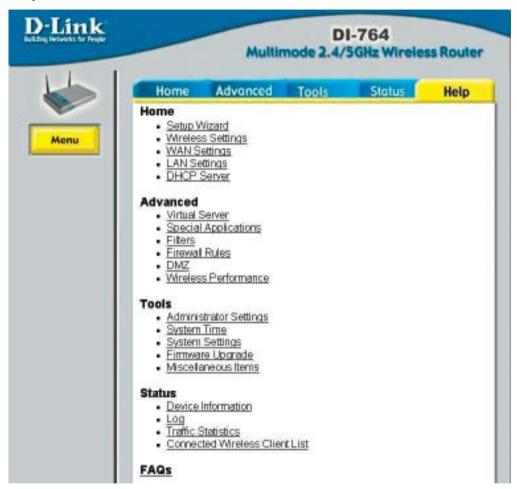
Status > Wireless



Connected Wireless Client List-

displays the wireless clients that are connected to the Access Point function of the DI-764.

Help



Help-

displays the complete **Help** menu. For help at anytime, click the **Help** tab in the Configuration menu.

Using the Network Setup Wizard in Windows XP

In this section you will learn how to establish a network at home or work, using **Microsoft Windows XP**.

Note: Please refer to websites such as http://www.microsoft.com/windows2000 for information about networking computers using Windows 2000, ME or 98.

Go to Start>Control Panel>Network Connections Select Set up a home or small office network



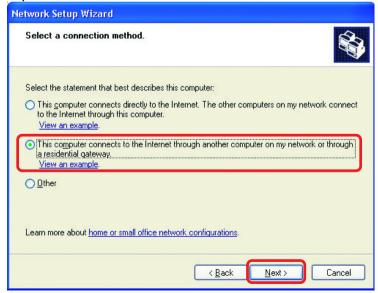
When this screen appears, Click Next.

Please follow all the instructions in this window:



Click Next

In the following window, select the best description of your computer. If your computer connects to the internet through a gateway/router, select the second option as shown.

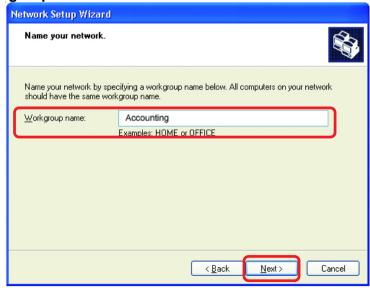


Enter a Computer description and a Computer name (optional.)



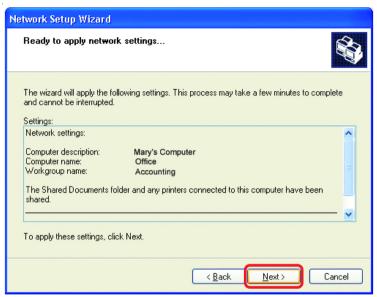
Click Next

Enter a **Workgroup** name. All computers on your network should have the same **Workgroup** name.



Click Next

Please wait while the **Network Setup Wizard** applies the changes.

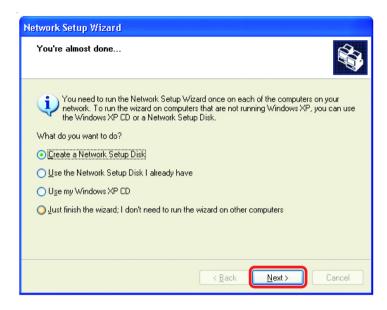


When the changes are complete, click Next.

Please wait while the **Network Setup Wizard** configures the computer. This may take a few minutes.



In the window below, select the option that fits your needs. In this example, **Create a Network Setup Disk** has been selected. You will run this disk on each of the computers on your network. Click **Next**.

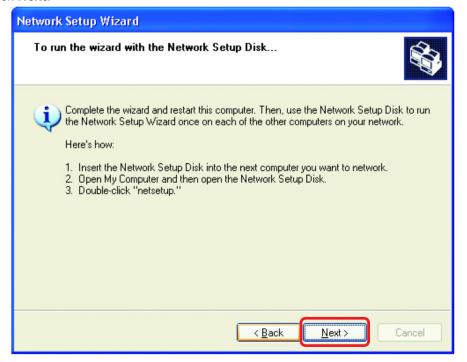


Insert a disk into the Floppy Disk Drive, in this case drive A.





Please read the information under **Here's how** in the screen below. After you complete the **Network Setup Wizard** you will use the **Network Setup Disk** to run the **Network Setup Wizard** once on each of the computers on your network. To continue click **Next.**



Please read the information on this screen, then click **Finish** to complete the **Network Setup Wizard**.



The new settings will take effect when you restart the computer. Click **Yes** to restart the computer.

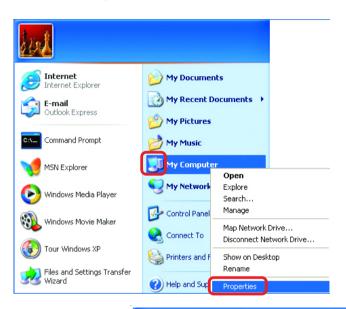


You have completed configuring this computer. Next, you will need to run the **Network Setup Disk** on all the other computers on your network. After running the **Network Setup Disk** on all your computers, your new wireless network will be ready to use.

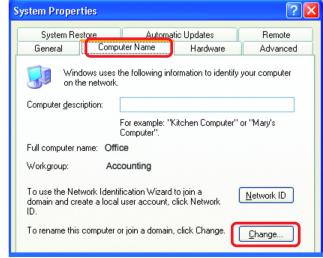
Naming your Computer

To name your computer, please follow these directions:In Windows XP:

- Click Start (in the lower left corner of the screen)
- Right-click on My Computer
- Select Properties and click

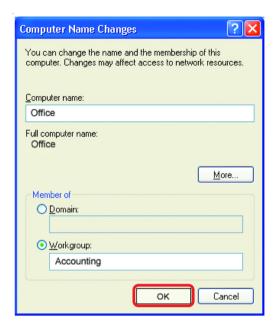


- Select the Computer Name Tab in the System Properties window.
- You may enter a Computer Description if you wish; this field is optional.
- To rename the computer and join a domain, Click Change.



Naming your Computer

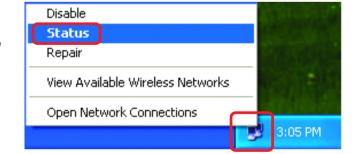
- In this window, enter the Computer name
- Select Workgroup and enter the name of the Workgroup
- All computers on your network must have the same
 Workgroup name.
- Click OK



Checking the IP Address in Windows XP

The wireless adapter-equipped computers in your network must be in the same IP Address range (see Getting Started in this manual for a definition of IP Address Range.) To check on the IP Address of the adapter, please do the following:

Right-click on the Local Area Connection icon in the task bar



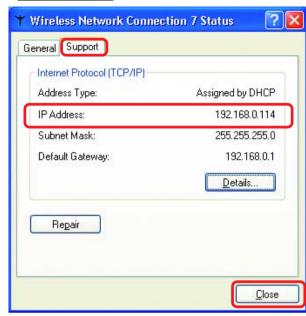
Click on Status

Checking the IP Address in Windows XP

This window will appear.

Click theSupport tab

Click Close



Assigning a Static IP Address in Windows XP/2000

Note: Residential Gateways/Broadband Routers will automatically assign IP Addresses to the computers on the network, using DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) technology. If you are using a DHCP-capable Gateway/Router you will not need to assign Static IP Addresses.

If you are not using a DHCP capable Gateway/Router, or you need to assign a Static IP Address, please follow these instructions:

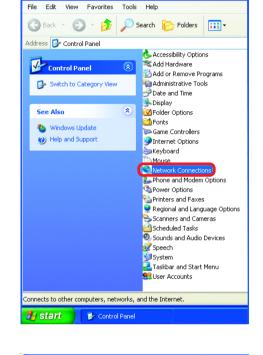
Go to Start

Double-click on Control Panel



Assigning a Static IP Address in Windows XP/2000

Double-click on Network Connections



Control Panel

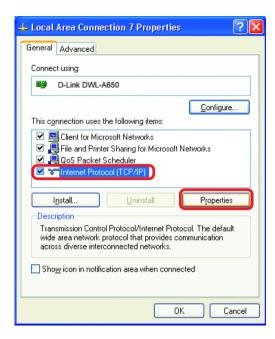
- Right-click on Local Area Connections
- Double-click on Properties

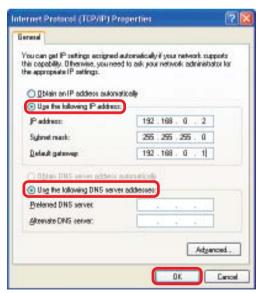


Assigning a Static IP Address in Windows XP/2000

- Click on Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
- Click Properties

- Input your IP address and subnet mask. (The IP Addresses on your network must be within the same range. For example, if one computer has an IP Address of 192.168.0.2, the other computers should have IP Addresses that are sequential, like 192.168.0.3 and 192.168.0.4. The subnet mask must be the same for all the computers on the network
- Enter the IP Address of the Default Gateway (in this case it is 192.168.0.1 for the DI-764)
- Input your DNS server address.





The DNS server address will be supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). If the DNS Server address is not available from your ISP, you may input 192.168.0.1 in this field.

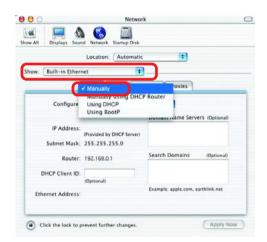
Click **OK**

Assigning a Static IP Address with Macintosh OSX

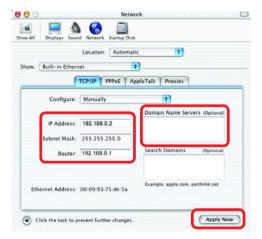
- Go to the Apple Menu and select System Preferences
- Click on Network



- Select Built-in Ethernet in the Show pull-down menu
- Select Manually in the Configure pull-down menu



- Input the Static IP Address, the Subnet Mask and the Router IP Address in the appropriate fields
- Input the **Domain Name**Server address. Your ISP
 (Internet Service Provider)
 will provide the IP address of
 the DNS Server. If the DNS
 Server address is not available from your ISP, you may
 input 192.168.0.1 in this field.
- Click Apply Now

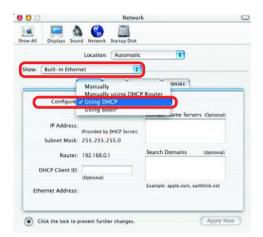


Selecting a Dynamic IP Address with Macintosh OSX

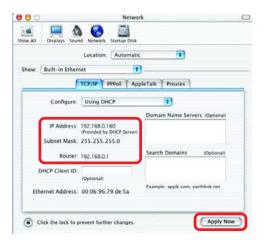
- Go to the Apple Menu and select System Preferences
- Click on Network



- Select Built-in Ethernet in the Show pull-down menu
- Select Using DHCP in the Configure pull-down menu



- Click Apply Now
- The IP Address, Subnet mask, and the Router's IP Address will appear in a few seconds



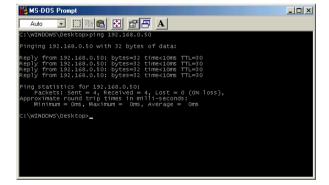
Checking the Wireless Connection by <u>Pinging in Windows XP and</u> 2000

Go to Start > Run > type cmd. A window similar to this one will appear. Type ping XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX. where xxx is the IP Address of the Wireless Router or Access Point, A good wireless connection will show four replies from the Wireless Router or Acess Point, as shown.



Checking the Wireless Connection by <u>Pinging in Windows Me</u> and 98

Go to Start > Run > type **command**. A window similar to this will appear. Type ping XXX.XXX.XXX where xxx is the IP Address of the Wireless Router or Access Point. A good wireless connection will show four replies from the wireless router or access point, as shown.



Adding and Sharing Printers in Windows XP

After you have run the **Network Setup Wizard** on all the computers in your network (please see the **Network Setup Wizard** section at the beginning of **Networking Basics**,) you can use the **Add Printer Wizard** to add or share a printer on your network.

Whether you want to add a **local printer** (a printer connected directly to one computer,) share an **LPR printer** (a printer connected to a print server) or share a **network printer** (a printer connected to your network through a Gateway/Router,) use the **Add Printer Wizard**. Please follow the directions below:

First, make sure that you have run the <u>Network Setup Wizard</u> on all of the computers on your network.

On the following pages, we will show you these 3 ways to use the Add Printer Wizard:

- 1. Adding a local printer
- 2. Sharing an network printer
- 3. Sharing an LPR printer

(Other Networking Tasks)

For help with other tasks, that we have not covered here, in home or small office networking, see **Using the Shared Documents** folder and **Sharing files and folders** in the **Help and Support Center** in Microsoft **Windows XP**.

Adding a local printer (a printer connected directly to a computer)

A printer that is not shared on the network and is connected directly to one computer is called a **local printer**. If you do not need to share your printer on a network, follow these directions to add the printer to one computer.

Go to Control Panel Windows Movie Maker Start> **Printers** Printers and Faxes and Faxes Tour Windows XP Help and Support Files and Settings Transfer Wizard Search Notepad 7 Run... All Programs Turn Off Computer Log Off 쁅 start Printer Tasks Click on Add a printer axing Start the Add Printer Wizard, which helps you install a printer. * See Also ? Troubleshoot printing Get help with printing * Other Places Control Panel 🥦 Scanners and Cameras My Documents My Pictures My Computer × Details 🎁 start 🐁 Printers and Faxes

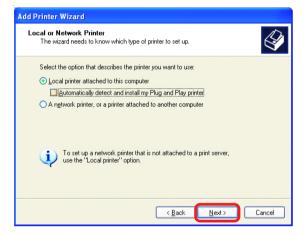
Adding a local printer

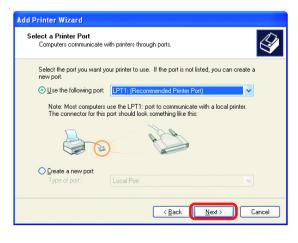


- Click Next
- Select Local printer attached to this computer
- (Deselect Automatically detect and install my Plug and Play printer if it has been selected.)
- Click Next
- Select Use the following port:
- From the pull-down menu select the correct port for your printer

(Most computers use the **LPT1**: port, as shown in the illustration.)

Click Next





Adding a local printer

- Select and highlight the correct driver for your printer.
- Click Next

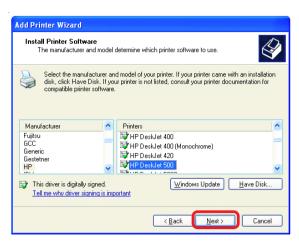
(If the correct driver is not displayed, insert the CD or floppy disk that came with your printer and click **Have Disk**.)

At this screen, you can change the name of the printer (optional.)

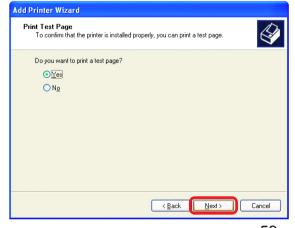


Select Yes, to print a test page. A successful printing will confirm that you have chosen the correct driver.

Click Next

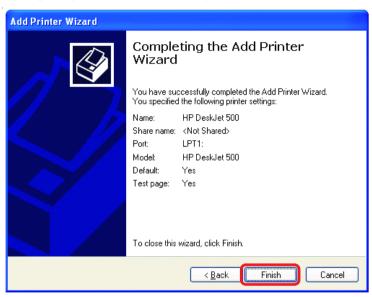






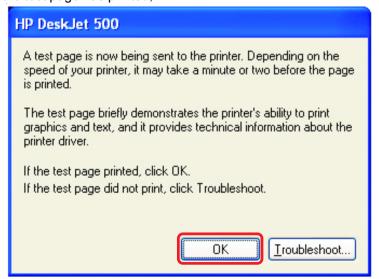
Adding a local printer

This screen gives you information about your printer.



Click Finish

When the test page has printed,



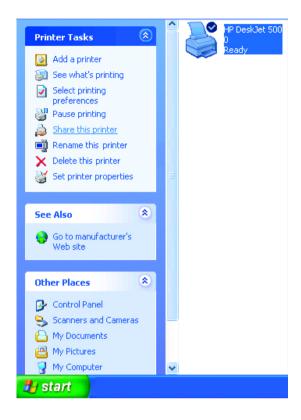
Click OK

Adding a local printer

Go to Start> Printers and Faxes

A successful installation will display the printer icon as shown at right.

You have successfully added a local printer.



Sharing a network printer

After you have run the **Network Setup Wizard** on all the computers on your network, you can run the **Add Printer Wizard** on all the computers on your network. Please follow these directions to use the **Add Printer Wizard** to share a printer on

your network:

Go to Start>Printers and Faxes



Sharing a network printer

Click on Add a printer





Click Next

Select Network Printer



Click Next

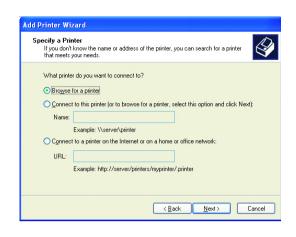
Sharing a network printer

Select Browse for a printer

Click Next

Select the **printer** you would like to share

Click Next







Click Finish

Sharing a network printer

- To check for proper installation:
- Go to Start > Printers and Faxes



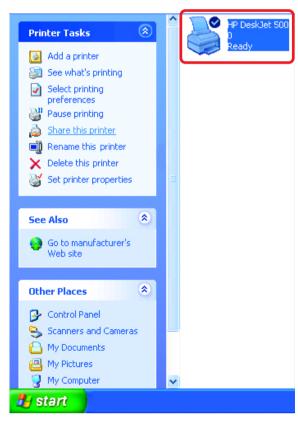
The printer icon will appear at right, indicating proper installation.

You have completed adding the printer.

To share this printer on your network:

- Remember the **printer**
- Run the Add Printer
 Wizard on all the
 computers on your
 network
- Make sure you have already run the Network Setup Wizard on all the network computers

After you run the **Add Printer Wizard** on all the computers in the network, you can share the printer.



Sharing an LPR printer

To share an **LPR printer** (using a print server,) you will need a Print Server such as the **DP-101P+**. Please make sure that you have run the **Network Setup Wizard** on all the computers on your network. To share an **LPR printer**, please follow these directions:

Add Printer Wizard

- Go to Start > Printers and Faxes
- Click on Add a Printer

The screen to the right will appear



Click Next

Select
Local
Printer...



Click Next

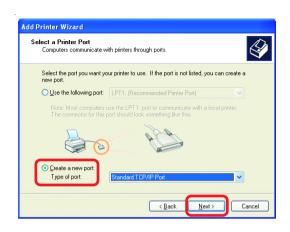
Sharing an LPR printer

- Select Create a new port
- From the pull-down menu, select Standard TCP/IP Port, as shown.
- Click Next

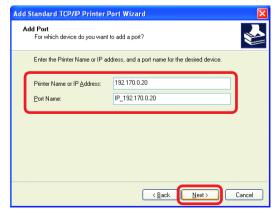
 Please read the instructions on this screen

- Click Next
- Enter the Printer IP Address and the Port Name, as shown.

Click Next



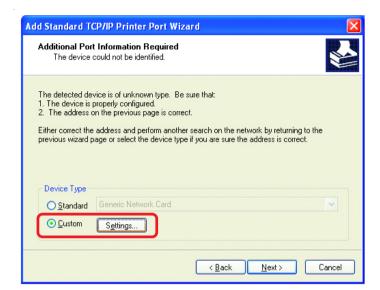




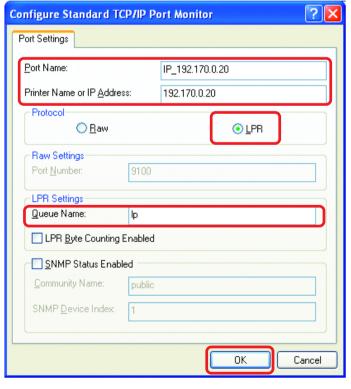
Sharing an LPR printer

In this screen, select Custom

ClickSettings



- Enter the Port Name and the Printer Name or
 - IP Address.
- Select LPR
- Enter a
 Queue Name
 (if your PrintServer/
 Gateway has
 more than
 one port, you
 will need a
 Queue
 name.)
- Click OK



Sharing an LPR printer

This screen will show you information about your printer.



- Click Finish
- Select the printer you are adding from the list of Printers.
- Insert the printer driver disk that came with your printer.
- Click Have Disk



If the printer driver is already installed, do the following:

Select Keep existing driver

Click Next



Sharing an LPR printer

- You can rename your printer if you choose. It is optional.
- Please remember the name of your printer. You will need this information when you use the **Add Printer Wizard** on the other computers on your network.
- Click Next



Select **Yes**, to print a test page.



Click Next

This screen will display information about your printer.

- Click Finish to complete the addition of the printer.
- Please run the Add Printer Wizard on all the computers on your network in order to share the printer.



Note: You must run the **Network Setup Wizard** on all the computers on your network before you run the **Add Printer Wizard**.

This Chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DI-764 Wireless Broadband Router. We cover various aspects of the network setup, including the network adapters. Please read the following if you are having problems.

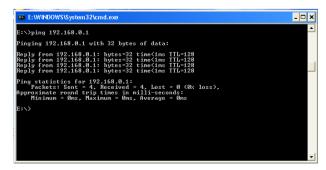
Note: It is recommended that you use an Ethernet connection to configure the DI-764 Wireless Broadband Router.

1. The computer used to configure the DI-764 cannot access the Configuration menu.

- Check that the Ethernet LED on the DI-764 is ON. If the LED is not ON, check that the cable for the Ethernet connection is securely inserted.
- Check that the Ethernet Adapter is working properly. Please see item 3 (Check that the drivers for the network adapters are installed properly) in this Troubleshooting section to check that the drivers are loaded properly.
- Check that the IP Address is in the same range and subnet as the DI-764. Please see Checking the IP Address in Windows XP in the Networking Basics section of this manual.

Note: The IP Address of the DI-764 is 192.168.0.1. All the computers on the network must have a unique IP Address in the same range, e.g., 192.168.0.x. Any computers that have identical IP Addresses will not be visible on the network. They must all have the same subnet mask, e.g., 255.255.255.0

Do a Ping test to make sure that the DI-764 is responding. Go to Start>Run>Type Command>Type ping 192.168.0.1. A successful ping will show four replies.



Note: If you have changed the default IP Address, make sure to ping the correct IP Address assigned to the DI-764.

2. The wireless client cannot access the Internet in the Infrastructure mode.

Make sure the wireless client is associated and joined with the correct Access Point. To check this connection: **Right-click** on the **Local Area Connection icon** in the taskbar> select **View Available Wireless Networks**. The **Connect to Wireless Network** screen will appear. Please make sure you have selected the correct available network, as shown in the illustrations below.





- Check that the IP Address assigned to the wireless adapter is within the same IP Address range as the access point and gateway. (Since the DI-764 has an IP Address of 192.168.0.1, wireless adapters must have an IP Address in the same range, e.g., 192.168.0.x. Each device must have a unique IP Address; no two devices may have the same IP Address. The subnet mask must be the same for all the computers on the network.) To check the IP Address assigned to the wireless adapter, double-click on the Local Area Connection icon in the taskbar > select the Support tab and the IP Address will be displayed. (Please refer to Checking the IP Address in the Networking Basics section of this manual.)
- If it is necessary to assign a Static IP Address to the wireless adapter, please refer to the appropriate section in Networking Basics. If you are entering a DNS Server address you must also enter the Default Gateway Address. (Remember that if you have a DHCP-capable router, you will not need to assign a Static IP Address. See Networking Basics: Assigning a Static IP Address.)

3. Check that the drivers for the network adapters are installed properly.

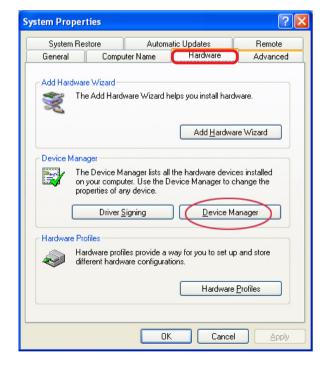
You may be using different network adapters than those illustrated here, but this procedure will remain the same, regardless of the type of network adapters you are

using.



Select the Hardware Tab

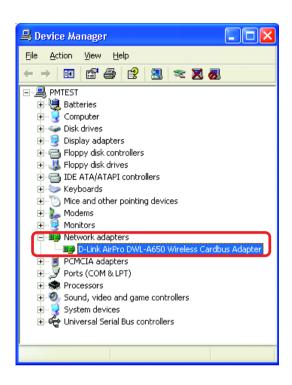
Click Device Manager



- Double-click on Network Adapters
- Right-click on D-Link AirPro DWL-A650 Wireless Cardbus Adapter
- Select Properties to check that the drivers are installed properly

 Look under Device Status to check that the device is working properly

Click OK





4. What variables may cause my wireless products to lose reception?

D-Link products let you access your network from virtually anywhere you want. However, the positioning of the products within your environment will affect the wireless range. Please refer to **Installation Considerations** in the **Wireless Basics** section of this manual for further information about the most advantageous placement of your D-Link wireless products.

5. Why does my wireless connection keep dropping?

- Antenna Orientation- Try different antenna orientations for the DI-764. Try to keep the antenna at least 6 inches away from the wall or other objects.
- If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones, X-10 equipment or other home security systems, ceiling fans, and lights, your wireless connection will degrade dramatically or drop altogether. Try changing the Channel on your Router, Access Point and Wireless adapter to a different Channel to avoid interference.
- Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet) from electrical devices that generate RF noise, like microwaves, Monitors, electric motors, etc.

6. Why can't I get a wireless connection?

To establish a wireless connection, while enabling Encryption on the DI-764, you must also enable encryption on the wireless client.

- For 802.11a, the Encryption settings are: 64, 128 or 152 bit. Make sure that the encryption bit level is the same on the Router and the Wireless Client.
- For 802.11b, the Encryption settings are: 64, 128, or 256 bit. Make sure that the encryption bit level is the same on the Router and the Wireless Client.

Make sure that the SSID on the Router and the Wireless Client are exactly the same. If they are not, wireless connection will not be established. Please note that there are two separate SSIDs for 802.11a and 802.11b. The default SSID for both 802.11a and 802.11b is **default**.

7. Resetting the DI-764 to Factory Default Settings

After you have tried other methods for troubleshooting your network, you may choose to **Reset** the DI-764 to the factory default settings. Remember that D-Link *Air*Pro products network together, out of the box, at the factory default settings.



To hard-reset the D-Link *Air*Pro DI-764 to Factory Default Settings, please do the following:

- Locate the Reset button on the back of the DI-764
- Use a paper clip to press the Reset button
- Hold for about 10 seconds and then release
- After the DI-764 reboots (this may take a few minutes) it will be reset to the factory **Default** settings

Technical Specifications

Standards

- IEEE 802.11b
- IEEE 802.11a
- IEEE 802.3 and IEEE 802.3u
- IEEE 802.3x

Ports

- (4) 10/100Base-T LAN Ports (auto-MDIX)
- (1) WAN Port
- (1) Power 5V DC, 3A

Network Management

Web-Based Interface

Network Architecture

Supports Infrastructure Mode

Diagnostic LED

- Power
- 100M Link/Act
- 10M Link/Act
- 11a WLAN
- 11b WLAN

Range

Indoors – up to 328 feet (100 meters)

Temperature

- Operating: 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)
- Storing: -25°C to 60°C (-77°F to 140°F)

Humidity:

• 5%-95%, non-condensing

Emissions:

- FCC part 15b
- UL1950-3

Physical Dimensions:

- L = 9.25 inches
- W = 6.25 inches
- H = 1.50 inches

802.11a Specifications

Data Rates:

• 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54, 72 Mbps

Data Security:

- 64, 128, 152-bit w/dynamic keying
- Access Control List

Antenna Type:

- 5dBi dipole antenna with diversity
- Power parameter software configurable

Available Channels:

• Eight non-overlapping channels for North America

Frequency Range:

5.150 – 5.350 GHz

Modulation Technology:

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)

Antenna Type:

5dBi dipole antenna with diversity

802.11a Specifications (continued)

Modulation Techniques:

- BPSK
 - QPSK
 - 16 QAM
 - 64 QAM

802.11b Specifications

Data Rates:

• 1, 2, 5.5, 11, 22 Mbps (with Automatic Fallback)

Data Security:

 64, 128, 256-bit WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) Encryption

Available Channels:

• Eleven channels for North America. Three nonoverlapping.

Frequency Range:

• 2.4 – 2.4835 GHz

Modulation Technology:

- Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS)
- Packet Binary Convolutional Coding (PBCC)
- 11-chip Barker sequence

Modulation Techniques:

- Barker (1Mbps/0db)
- Barker (2Mbps/0db)
- PBCC (5.5Mbps/1.5db)
- CCK (11Mbps/8.5db)
- PBCC (11Mbps/4.5db)
- PBCC (22Mbps/8.5db)

Contacting Technical Support

You can find the most recent software and user documentation on the D-Link website.

D-Link provides free technical support for customers within the United States for the duration of the warranty period on this product.

U.S. customers can contact D-Link technical support through our web site, or by phone.

D-Link Technical Support over the Telephone:

(877) 453-5465

24 hours a day, seven days a week.

D-Link Technical Support over the Internet:

http://support.dlink.com

When contacting technical support, please provide the following information:

- Serial number of the unit
- Model number or product name
- Software type and version number

Warranty and Registration

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, D-Link Systems, Inc. ("D-Link") provides this Limited warranty for its product only to the person or entity that originally purchased the product from:

- D-Link or its authorized reseller or distributor and
- Products purchased and delivered within the fifty states of the United States, the District of Columbia, U.S. Possessions or Protectorates, U.S. Military Installations, addresses with an APO or FPO.

Limited Warranty: D-Link warrants that the hardware portion of the D-Link products described below will be free from material defects in workmanship and materials from the date of original retail purchase of the product, for the period set forth below applicable to the product type ("Warranty Period"), except as otherwise stated herein.

3-Year Limited Warranty for the Product(s) is defined as follows:

- Hardware (excluding power supplies and fans) Three (3) Years
- Power Supplies and Fans One (1) Year
- Spare parts and spare kits Ninety (90) days

D-Link's sole obligation shall be to repair or replace the defective Hardware during the Warranty Period at no charge to the original owner or to refund at D-Link's sole discretion. Such repair or replacement will be rendered by D-Link at an Authorized D-Link Service Office. The replacement Hardware need not be new or have an identical make, model or part. D-Link may in its sole discretion replace the defective Hardware (or any part thereof) with any reconditioned product that D-Link reasonably determines is substantially equivalent (or superior) in all material respects to the defective Hardware. Repaired or replacement Hardware will be warranted for the remainder of the original Warranty Period from the date of original retail purchase. If a material defect is incapable of correction, or if D-Link determines in its sole discretion that it is not practical to repair or replace the defective Hardware, the price paid by the original purchaser for the defective Hardware will be refunded by D-Link upon return to D-Link of the defective Hardware. All Hardware (or part thereof) that is replaced by D-Link, or for which the purchase price is refunded, shall become the property of D-Link upon replacement or refund.

Limited Software Warranty: D-Link warrants that the software portion of the product ("Software") will substantially conform to D-Link's then current functional specifications for the Software, as set forth in the applicable documentation, from the date of original retail purchase of the Software for a period of ninety (90) days ("Warranty Period"), provided that the Software is properly installed on approved hardware and operated as contemplated in its documentation. D-Link further warrants that, during the Warranty Period, the magnetic media on which D-Link delivers the Software will be free of physical defects. D-Link's sole obligation shall be to replace the non-conforming Software (or defective media) with software that substantially conforms to D-Link's functional specifications for the Software or to refund at D-Link's sole discretion. Except as otherwise agreed by D-Link in writing, the replacement Software is provided only to the original licensee, and is subject to the terms and conditions of the license granted by D-Link for the Software. Software will be warranted for the remainder of the original Warranty Period from the date or original retail purchase. If a material non-conformance is incapable of correction, or if D-Link determines in its sole discretion that it is not practical to replace the non-conforming Software, the price paid by the original licensee for the non-conforming Software will be refunded by D-Link; provided that the non-conforming Software (and all copies thereof) is first returned to D-Link. The license granted respecting any Software for which a refund is given automatically terminates.

Non-Applicability of Warranty: The Limited Warranty provided hereunder for hardware and software of D-Link's products, will not be applied to and does not cover any product purchased through the inventory clearance or liquidation sale or other sales in which D-Link, the sellers, or the liquidators expressly disclaim their warranty obligation pertaining to the product and in that case, the product is being sold "As-Is" without any warranty whatsoever including, without limitation, the Limited Warranty as described herein, notwithstanding anything stated herein to the contrary.

Submitting A Claim: Any claim under this limited warranty must be submitted in writing before the end of the Warranty Period to an Authorized D-Link Service Office.

- The customer must submit as part of the claim a written description of the Hardware defect or Software nonconformance in sufficient detail to allow D-Link to confirm the same.
- The original product owner must obtain a Return Material Authorization ("RMA") number from the Authorized D-Link Service Office and, if requested, provide written proof of purchase of the product (such as a copy of the dated purchase invoice for the product) before the warranty service is provided.

- After an RMA number is issued, the defective product must be packaged securely in the original or other suitable shipping package to ensure that it will not be damaged in transit, and the RMA number must be prominently marked on the outside of the package. Do not include any manuals or accessories in the shipping package. D-Link will only replace the defective portion of the Product and will not ship back any accessories.
- The customer is responsible for all shipping charges to D-Link. No Charge on Delivery ("COD") is allowed. Products sent COD will either be rejected by D-Link or become the property of D-Link. Products should be fully insured by the customer and shipped to **D-Link Systems**, **Inc.**, **53 Discovery Drive**, **Irvine**, **CA 92618**. D-Link will not be held responsible for any packages that are lost in transit to D-Link. The repaired or replaced packages will be shipped via UPS Ground or any common carrier selected by D-Link, with shipping charges prepaid. Expedited shipping is available if shipping charges are prepaid by the customer.

D-Link may reject or return any product that is not packaged and shipped in strict compliance with the foregoing requirements, or for which an RMA number is not visible from the outside of the package. The product owner agrees to pay D-Link's reasonable handling and return shipping charges for any product that is not packaged and shipped in accordance with the foregoing requirements, or that is determined by D-Link not to be defective or non-conforming.

What Is Not Covered: This limited warranty provided by D-Link does not cover: Products, if in D-Link's judgment, have been subjected to abuse, accident, alteration, modification, tampering, negligence, misuse, faulty installation, lack of reasonable care, repair or service in any way that is not contemplated in the documentation for the product, or if the model or serial number has been altered, tampered with, defaced or removed; Initial installation, installation and removal of the product for repair, and shipping costs; Operational adjustments covered in the operating manual for the product, and normal maintenance; Damage that occurs in shipment, due to act of God, failures due to power surge, and cosmetic damage; Any hardware, software, firmware or other products or services provided by anyone other than D-Link; Products that have been purchased from inventory clearance or liquidation sales or other sales in which D-Link, the sellers, or the liquidators expressly disclaim their warranty obligation pertaining to the product. Repair by anyone other than D-Link or an Authorized D-Link Service Office will void this Warranty.

Disclaimer of Other Warranties: Except for the Limited Warranty Specified Herein, the Product is Provided "AS-IS" WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NON-INFRINGEMENT. IF ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY CANNOT BE DISCLAIMED IN ANY TERRITORY WHERE A PRODUCT IS SOLD, THE DURATION OF SUCH IMPLIED WARRANTY SHALL BE LIMITED TO NINETY (90) DAYS. EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY COVERED UNDER THE LIMITED WARRANTY PROVIDED HEREIN, THE ENTIRE RISK AS TO THE QUALITY, SELECTION AND PERFORMANCE OF THE PRODUCT IS WITH THE PURCHASER OF THE PRODUCT.

Limitation of Liability: To the Maximum extent permitted by Law, D-Link is not liable under any contract, negligence, strict liability or other legal or equitable theory for any loss of use of the product, inconvenience or damages of any character, whether direct, special, incidental or consequential (including, but not limited to, damages for loss of goodwill, loss of revenue or profit, work stoppage, computer failure or malfunction, failure of other equipment or computer programs to which d-link's product is connected with, loss of information or data contained in, stored on, or integrated with any product returned to d-link for warranty service; resulting from the use of the product, relating to warranty service, or arising out of any breach of this limited warranty, even if d-link has been advised of the possibility of such damages. The sole remedy for a breach of the foregoing limited warranty is repair, replacement or refund of the defective or non-conforming product. The maximum liability of d-link under this warranty is limited to the purchase price of the product covered by the warranty. The foregoing express written warranties and remedies are exclusive and are in lieu of any other warranties or remedies, express. Implied or statutory

Governing Law: This Limited Warranty shall be governed by the laws of the state of California. Some states do not allow exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the foregoing limitations and exclusions may not apply. This limited warranty provides specific legal rights and the product owner may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

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CE Mark Warning: This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

FCC Statement: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Registration: Register your D-Link AirPro DI-764 online at http://support.dlink.com/register