

How To Change the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) Size (Windows NT/2000/XP)

This parameter specifies the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) for a network interface. By optimizing the MTU setting you can gain substantial network performance increases, especially when using dial-up modem connections.

MTU stands for Maximum Transmission Unit and in basic terms, it defines the maximum size of a packet that can be transferred in one frame over a network.

Open your [registry](#) and find the key below (Start > Run > regedit > OK).

Create a new DWORD value, or modify the existing value, called "MTU" and set it to equal the required MTU size in decimal.

Recommended Values

- **576** - Dial-up Connections
- **1492** - PPPoE Broadband Connections
- **1500** - Ethernet, DSL and Cable Broadband Connections

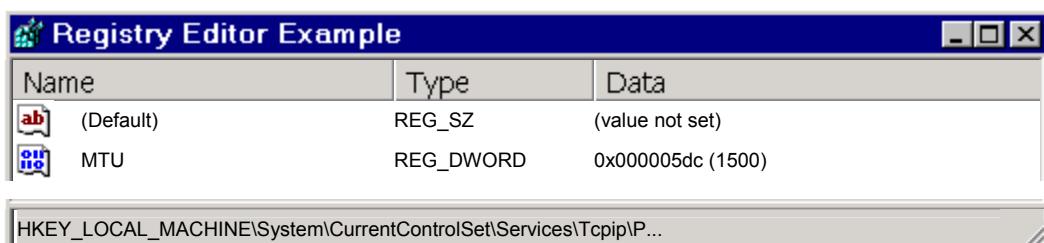
Restart Windows for the change to take effect.

Locate TCP/IP parameters of your network card in the registry: look under HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Tcpip\Parameters\Interfaces\[Adapter ID]. You can identify your network card by its IP address for example.

Note: For Windows NT 4 the key is
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\ Tcpip\Parameters]

Note: IP datagrams may span multiple packets. Values larger than the default for the underlying network will result in the transport using the network default MTU. Values smaller than 68 will result in the transport using an MTU of 68.

In the menu click on Edit > New > DWORD Value. Type "MTU". Double-click on this new entry, select "Decimal" and enter MTU desired value.



Registry Settings

System Key: [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Tcpip\Parameters\Interfaces\[Adapter ID]]

Value Name: MTU

Data Type: REG_DWORD (DWORD Value)

Value Data: Default = 0xffffffff

